



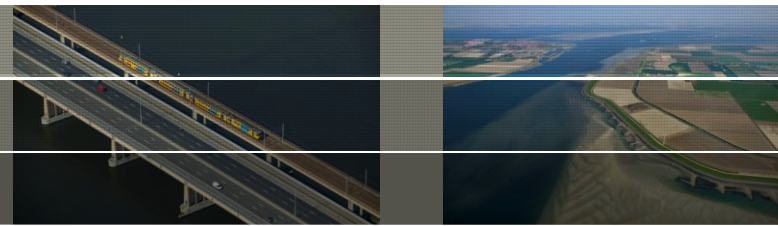
European data portals

Relevant for marine and coastal research

Summer school Jerico Next, 2017, Den Haag

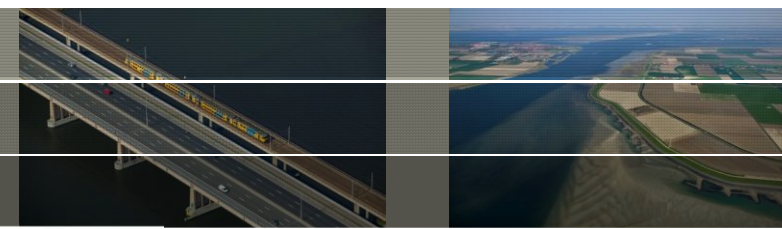
Willem Stolte - 28 juni 2017

Data portals in Europe



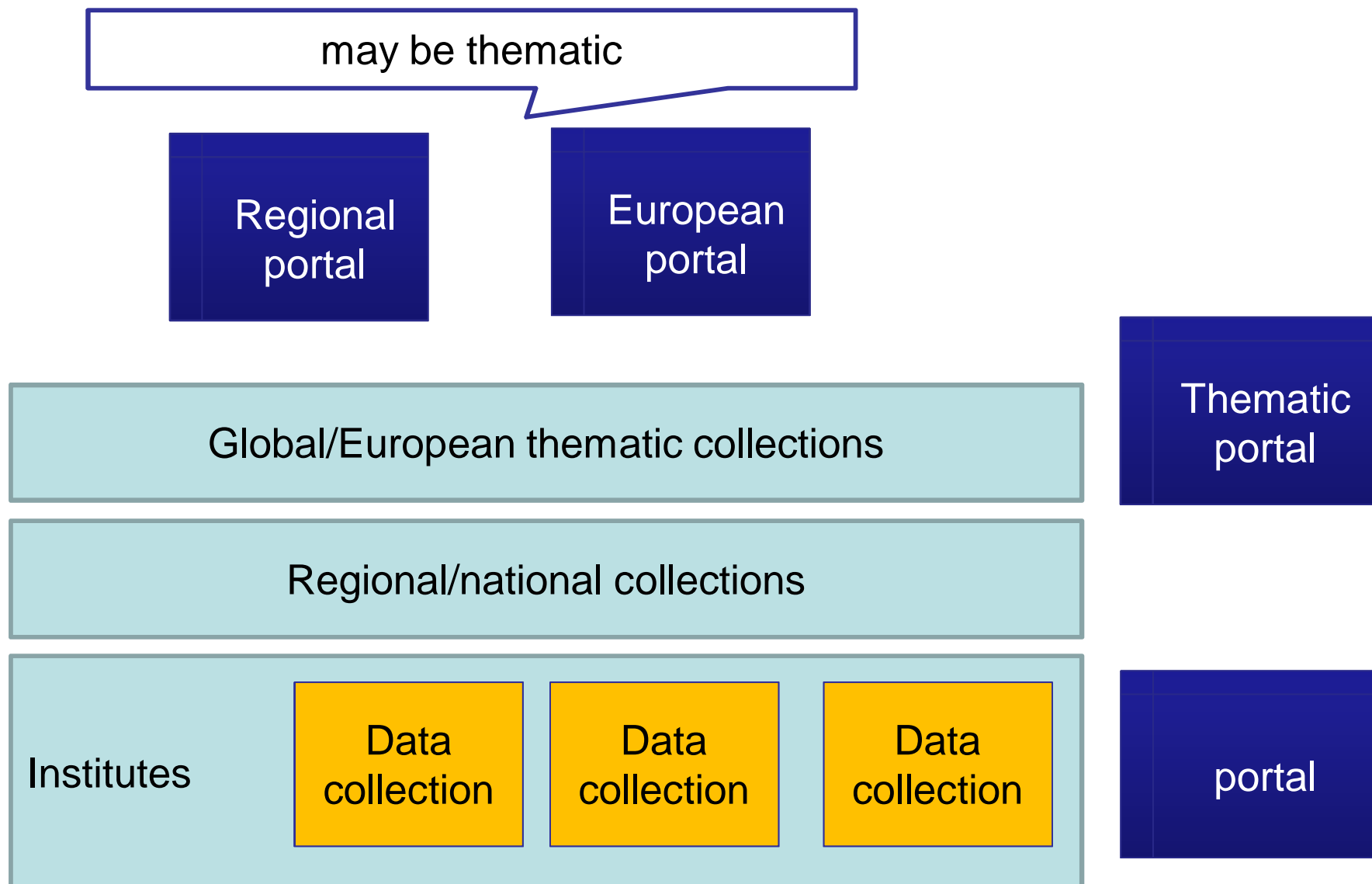
- Portals and spatial data infrastructure
- Spatial data infrastructure in Europe – INSPIRE
- Types of portals for marine data and information

Searching for data

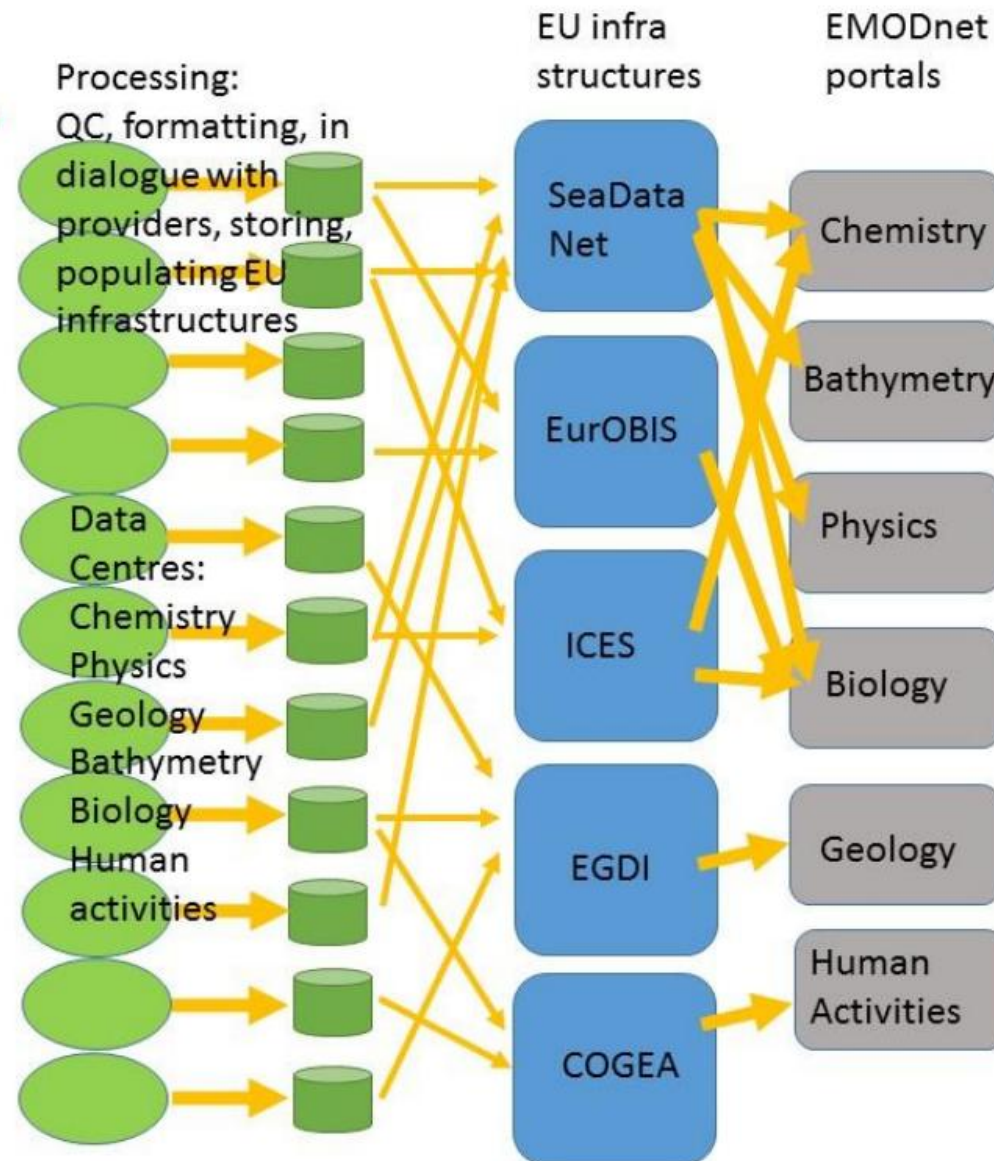


Google  bing
YAHOO!

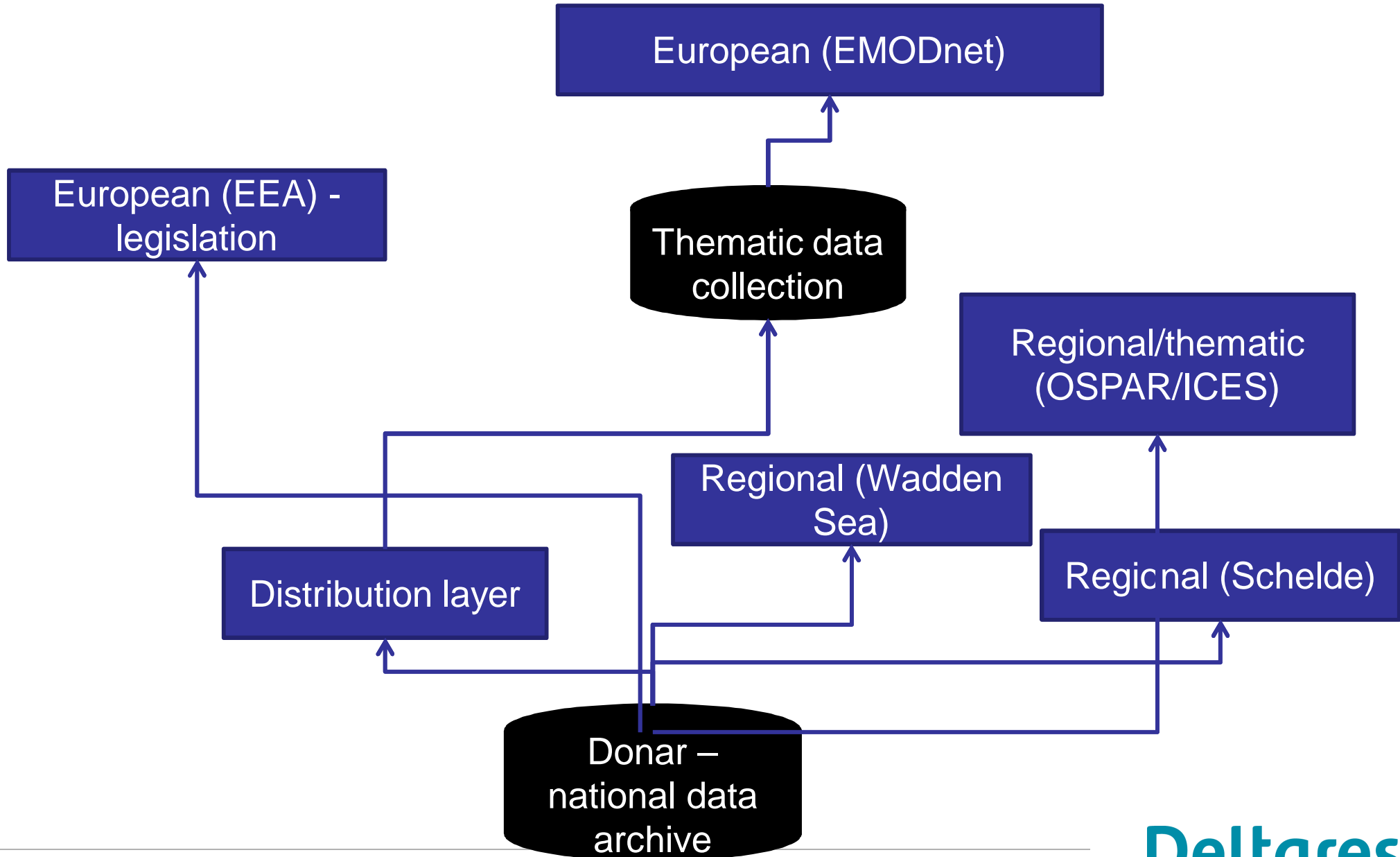
Data infrastructure components



Example relation infrastructure and portal for EMODnet



Other example, whater quality data Netherlands



INSPIRE – Infrastructure for spatial information in Europe

The screenshot shows the INSPIRE Geoportal website. At the top, there is a browser address bar with the URL `inspire-geoportal.ec.europa.eu` and a search bar containing the text `add wms to ggmap ggplot`. Below the browser bar, the website header features the European Commission logo and the text **INSPIRE GEOPORTAL** with the tagline **Enhancing access to European spatial data**. A navigation breadcrumb trail reads **EUROPEAN COMMISSION > INSPIRE > INSPIRE GEOPORTAL**.

The main content area is titled **Welcome to the INSPIRE geoportal**. Below this title, a paragraph states: "The INSPIRE Directive requires the Commission to establish a community geo-portal and the Member States shall provide access to their infrastructures through the geo-portal as well as through any access points they themselves decide to operate." A **More...** link is provided below the text.

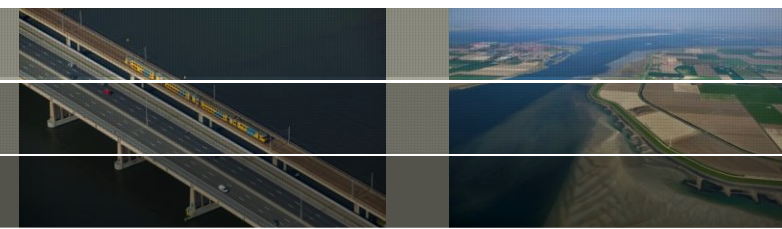
Below the welcome message, there are two main sections:

- Discovery / Viewer**: A box containing the text "Search, discover and access geographic information provided by European governmental, commercial, and non-commercial organizations." and a **More ...** link. To the right of this text is a small map of the Iberian Peninsula with a yellow rectangle highlighting a specific area. Labels on this map include **Lisboa**, **Sevilla**, and **Peninsular**.
- Validator**: A box containing the text "The purpose of the INSPIRE Metadata Validator is to test the compliancy of INSPIRE metadata with the INSPIRE Metadata Regulation." and a **More ...** link. To the right of this text is a screenshot of an error message titled **Invalid Element** with the following content:

```
Invalid Element
Number of instances of element
{2.2.5} Unique Identifier
{1}/*:identifier
{2005/gmd}
{2005/gmd}
{2.4} For data
/./www.isotc...
```

The background of the lower section is a large map of Europe with various cities and regions labeled, including **Trondheim**, **Oslo**, **Helsinki**, **St. Petersburg**, **København**, **Hamburg**, **Dublin**, **SCANDINAVIA**, **Gulf of Bothnia**, **Skagerrak**, **Kattegat**, **Mecklenburger Bucht**, **Stettiner Haff**, **Waddenzee**, and **BRITISH ISLES**.

INSPIRE Directive



General rules to establish an **Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe** for

- Community **environmental policies**
- Policies or activities which impact on the environment

INSPIRE is built on the **SDIs established and operated by the Member States**

Spatial data held by/on behalf of **public authorities**

Does **not** require **collection of new data**

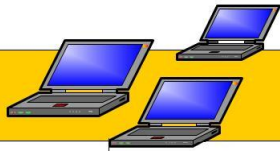
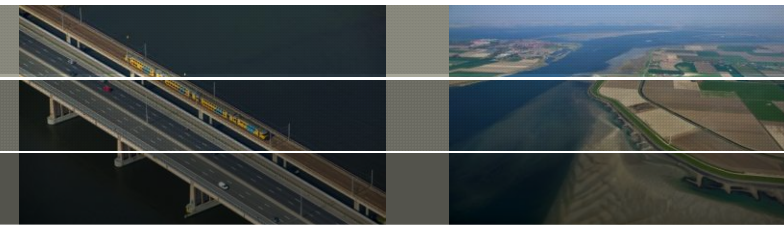
INSPIRE is a **Framework Directive**

- Detailed technical provisions in **Implementing Rules**

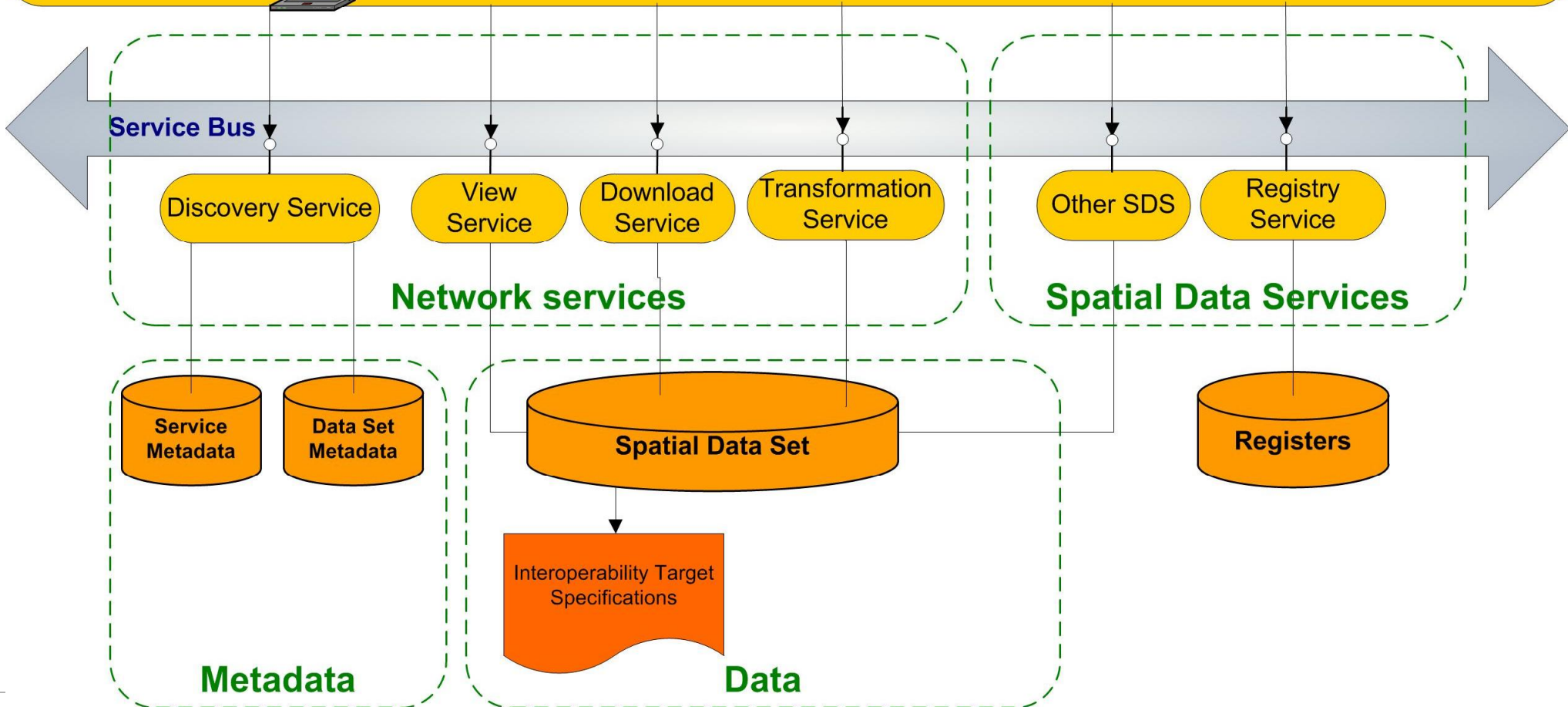
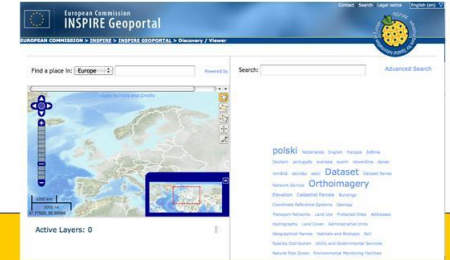
JRC is the **technical coordinator**



INSPIRE components



Geoportals and applications



INSPIRE thematic scope

Implementation 2012/2017

Implementation 2015/2020

Annex I

1. Coordinate reference systems
2. Geographical grid systems
3. Geographical names
4. Administrative units
5. Addresses
6. Cadastral parcels
7. Transport networks
8. Hydrography
9. Protected sites

Annex II

1. Elevation
2. Land cover
3. Ortho-imagery
4. Geology

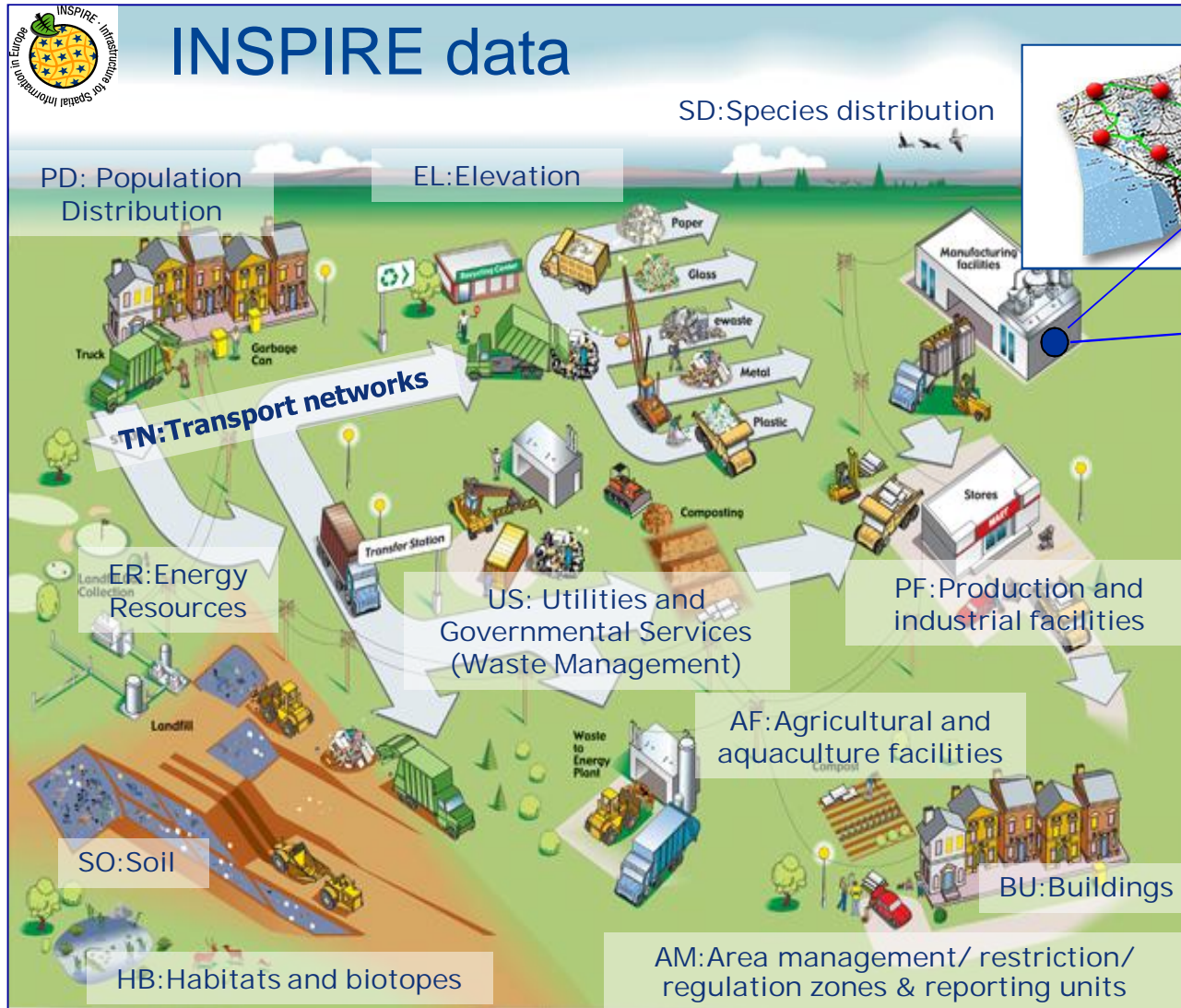
Annex III

1. Statistical units
2. Buildings
3. Soil
4. Land use
5. Human health and safety
6. Utility and governmental services
7. Environmental monitoring facilities
8. Production and industrial facilities
9. Agricultural and aquaculture facilities
10. Population distribution – demography
11. Area management/ restriction/regulation zones & reporting units
12. Natural risk zones
13. Atmospheric conditions
14. Meteorological geographical features
15. Oceanographic geographical features
16. Sea regions
17. Bio-geographical regions
18. Habitats and biotopes
19. Species distribution
20. Energy Resources
21. Mineral resources

Example: HY:SR – Mapping



Cross-sector data interoperability

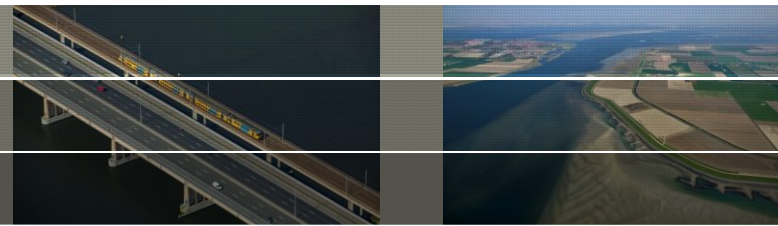


Data from other sectors

Measurement	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Standard Deviation	Median
Waste	0	1000	100	200	50
...

Measurement	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Standard Deviation	Median
PRTR	0	1000	100	200	50
...

- Urban Planning
- Waste Management Plans
- Environmental Impact Assessment
- Risk Management



Key pillars of data interoperability

Conceptual data models

- objects types, properties & relationships
- cross-domain harmonization
- based on a common modelling framework
- managed in a common UML repository

Encoding

- conceptual models independent of concrete encodings
- standard encoding: GML, but also possible to derive other encodings (e.g. based on RDF)

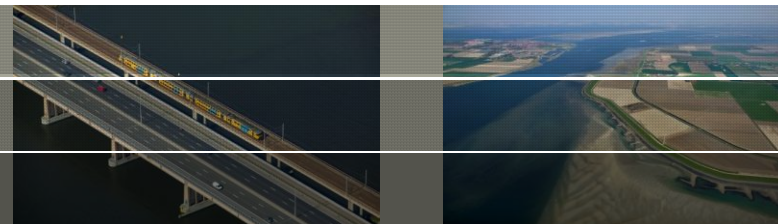
Harmonised vocabularies

- achieve better interoperability than free-text and/or multi-lingual content
- allow additional terms from local vocabularies
- 400 code lists & almost 5000 values in central register

Registers

- provide unique and persistent identifiers for reference to resources
- allow their consistent management and versioning

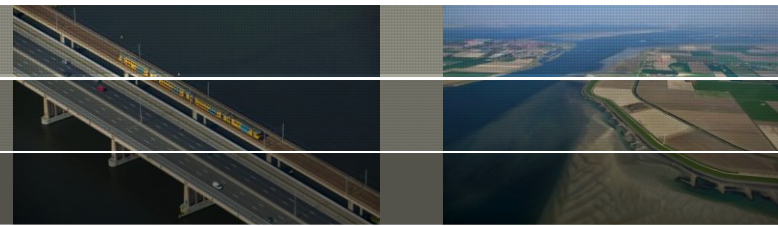
INSPIRE Geoportal



<http://inspire-geoportal.ec.europa.eu/discovery/#>

In practice: good for spatial data, objects etc. Not (yet) for observations

Portals for legislative data



Data and information assembled by the authority related to legislation

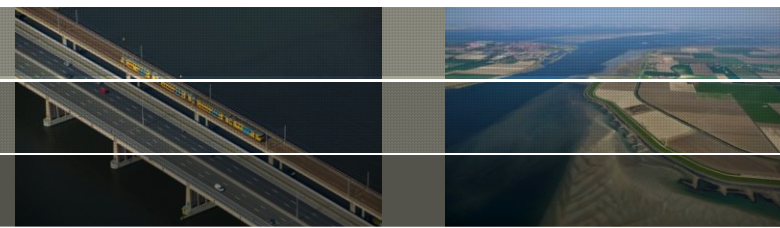
- [EEA Data and Maps and Water Data Centre](#) (EU WISE - Water Information System)
 - Water Framework directive
 - Habitat directive
 - Marine Strategy Framework directive
- Various national portals

Atlases for Marine Spatial Planning



- [European atlas of the seas](#)
- [National atlases](#)

Thematic portals

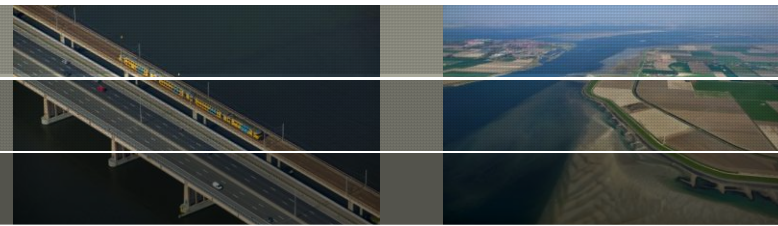


- Restricted to (observations) within a certain theme (Biodiversity, geology, oceanography, climatology, etc).
- Sometimes integrated in other portals/data collections e.g.
 - ICES oceanography is subset of EMODnet chemistry
 - ICES biodiversity is subset of EMODnet Biology
 - EurOBIS is synchronized with EMODnet Biology

Examples of portals to thematic data collections

- [ICES oceanographic database](#)
 - [Webservices in python / RTools](#)
- [OBIS / EurOBIS \(via EMODnet Biology\)](#) – Ocean Biogeographic Information System
 - Webservices/[PythonTools/Rtools](#)
- [Vegetation records in the Netherlands](#)
- [EGDI](#) – (marine) geology

Try it yourself



- Go to one of the above portals
- Select and download data and metadata
- Try to figure out where the origin is of the data