

# Co

- The European framework
- The "proof of concept" of EMODnet...
- Objectives of DGMARE tender
- EMODnet PP
  - the Methodology, the Parameters, the Pillars, the Sustainability
  - Geographical coverage (and acting communities)
  - Data origin
  - Web Portal Architecture
    - EMODnet PP NRT Data, Historical Data, Data Access
    - EMODnet PP pilot portal
- Enlarge the community



# The Europeop framework EGRATED MARITIME POLICY



"the particular need for an all-embracing maritime policy aimed a developing a thriving maritime economy, in an environmentally sustainable manner. Such a policy should be supported by excellence in marine scientific research, technology and innovation"

President of the European Commission

- Knowledge built on extended use of data
- Maritime SpatialPlanning





# MARIA DAMANAKI, COMMISSIONER FOR MARITIME AFFAIRS AND FISHERIES

(..) the data collected through these observations can only generate knowledge and innovation if Europe's engineers and scientists are able to find, access, assemble and apply them efficiently and rapidly. At present this is often not the case.

#### **EUROPEAN FRAMEWORK**

Green Paper on a Future Maritime Policy for the Union:

- oIn its strategic objectives for 2005-2009, the European Commission declared "the particular need for an allembracing maritime policy aimed at developing a thriving maritime economy, in an environmentally sustainable manner. Such a policy should be supported by excellence in marine scientific research, technology and innovation".
- •Better understanding of the competing uses of the ocean will require better data and information on maritime activities, be they social, economic or recreational, as well as on their impacts on the resource base.



# **EU** Initiatives

- Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD) 2007
  - comprehensive monitoring of the marine environment beyond the geographical limits set in the Water Framework Directive.
- European Environment Information and Observatory Network
  - EIONET
    - EEA tools for sharing coastal, transitional and marine waters observations at EU level.
- Global Monitoring for Environment and Security (GMES)
  - GMES MARINE → information system in the field of marine environment and security for forecasts, hindcasts, nowcasts
- Water Information System for Europe (WISE)
  - WISE MARINE → for water related component of environmental data access and reporting
- Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) and INSPIRE

#### PRESENT LIMITATIONS

- **Data Collection Framework** only deals with **fisheries** data;
- **GMES** only targets services where data from **satellites plays a substantial role**;
- **SEIS and WISE** marine are **limited to data** that must be reported as part of the **Marine Strategy Framework Directive**

European Agencies only hold limited amounts of data and national archives on their own cannot provide the seamless **cross-border sea-basin-scale** data layers that are required;

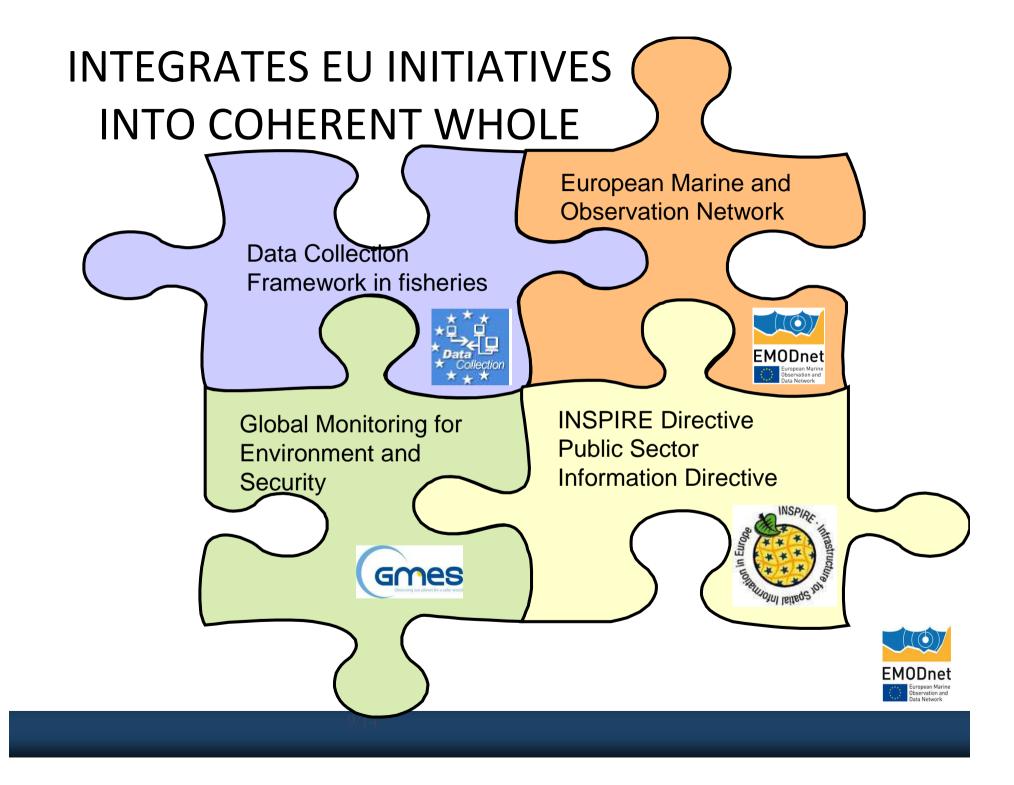


#### SETTING EMODNET

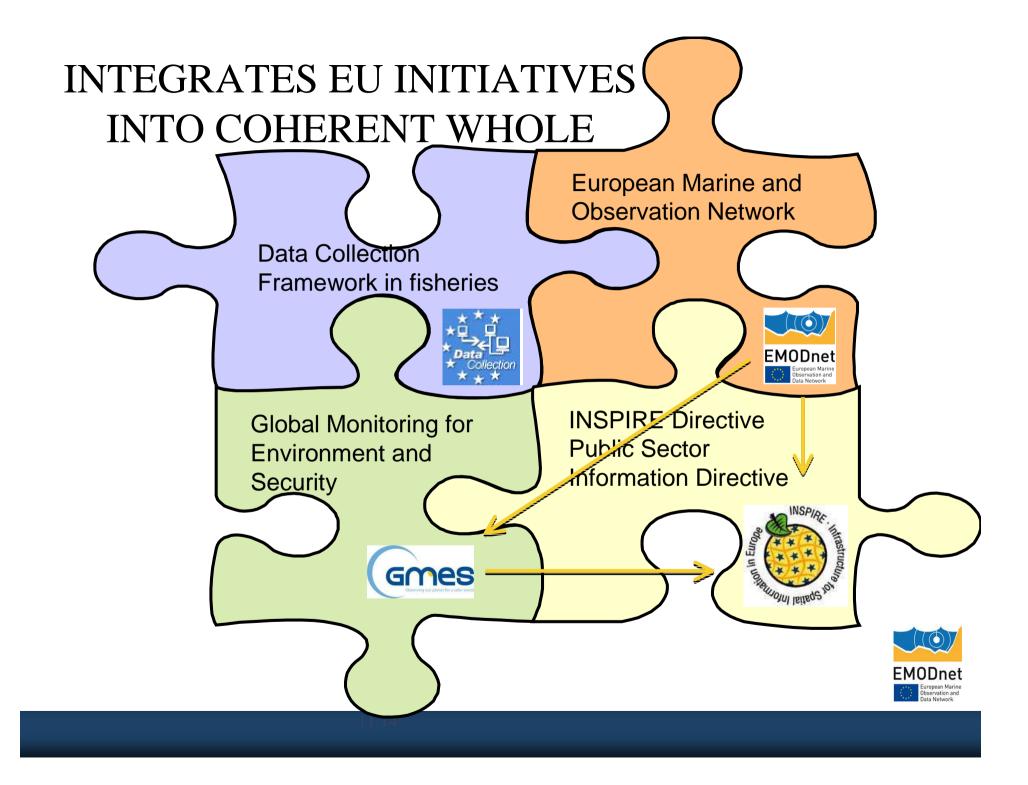
Green Paper on a Future Maritime Policy for the Union:

- oGood data are also of importance for maritime economic operators. However, there are still major problems of harmonisation and reliability of data, as well as insufficient and geographically imbalanced monitoring in EU marine regions. These gaps must be addressed if we are to devise a sound and sustainable EU Maritime Policy.
- •The EU could consider setting up a **European Marine**•Observation and Data Network which would provide a sustainable focus for improving systematic observation









# EMODNET AND GEOSS/GMES

An Integrated Maritime Policy for the European Union

- Data on oceans and seas are available from many sources but assembling them for particular applications takes considerable effort and there is no overall policy for keeping them for posterity. The objective here is to integrate existing, but fragmented initiatives in order to facilitate access to primary data for public authorities, maritime services, related industries and researchers.
- The European Marine Observation and Data Network ... Integrated with GEOSS and GMES, it will increase the precision of estimates of the magnitude and impact of climate change.



#### OBJECTIVES OF DGMARE TENDER

- Provide access to archived and real-time data on physical conditions in Europe's seas and oceans and to determine how well the data meet the needs of users.
- Make layers of physical data and their metadata available for use by industry, public authorities and scientists
- Contribute towards the definition of an operational European Marine Observation and Data Network (EMODnet)
- Contribute to developing the definition of the Global Monitoring for Environment and Security (GMES) marine core service.

#### EMODNET PP – THE METHODOLOGY

- Provide through a portal:
  - free and open access to marine data from measurement stations and ferryboxes.
  - metadata to these parameters using EMODnet/INSPIRE standards.
- Monitoring and reporting on the effectiveness of the portal in meeting the **needs of users** in terms of ease of use, quality of information and fitness for purpose of the products delivered.



#### EMODNET PP – THE PARAMETERS

#### Measurements from **fixed stations** that should cover:

- wave height and period
- temperature of the water column
- wind speed and direction
- salinity of the water column
- horizontal velocity of the water column
- light attenuation
- o sea level

#### Measurements from **ferryboxes** that should cover:

- temperature of the water column
- salinity of the water column



# GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE (AND ACTING COMMUNITIES)

- Western Mediterranean Sea (ROOS Med and SeaDataNet);
- Adriatic Sea (ROOS Med and SeaDataNet);
- Ionian Sea and Central Mediterranean Sea (ROOS Med and SeaDataNet);
- Aegean-Levantine Sea (ROOS Med and SeaDataNet);
- Greater North Sea, including Kattegat, and English Channel (ROOS NWS [North West Shelf] and SeaDataNet);
- Celtic Seas (ROOS IBI and SeaDataNet);
- Bay of Biscay and the Iberian Coast (ROOS IBI and SeaDataNet);
- In the Atlantic Ocean, the Macronesian bio-geographic region, being the waters surrounding the Azores, Madeira and the Canary Islands (Coriolis and SeaDataNet), and Cape Verde (E subtropical Atlantic)
- North Atlantic (including Porcupine Abyssal Plain, Central Irminger Basin, Norvegian Sea)
- Black Sea (BSGOOS)

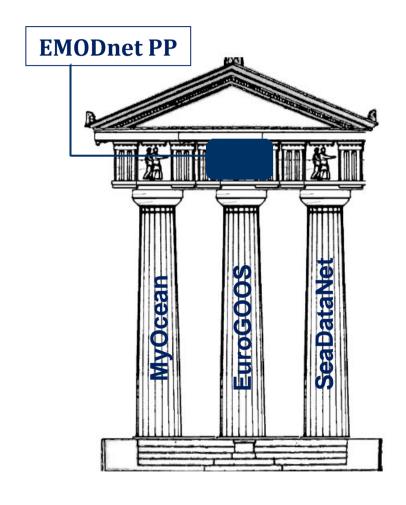
#### **DATA ORIGIN**

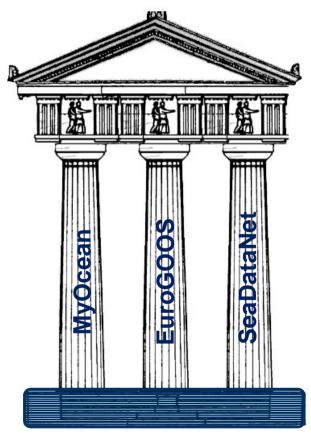
- EuroGOOS ROOS's
- SeaDataNet
- MyOcean In Situ
- Jerico
- Data Buoy Cooperation Panel
- National initiatives

- All contributors will be actors in the project:
  - documents will be agreed during ad hoc EuroGOOS meetings
  - EuroGOOS technical reports will contain results and names of contributors
  - EMODnet PP is being presented in EuroGOOS regions and Black Sea



## THE EMODNET PP PILLARS

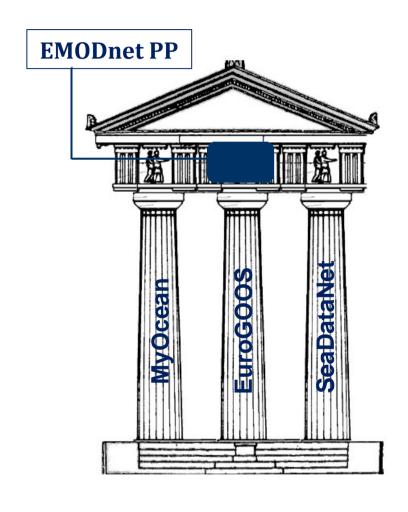


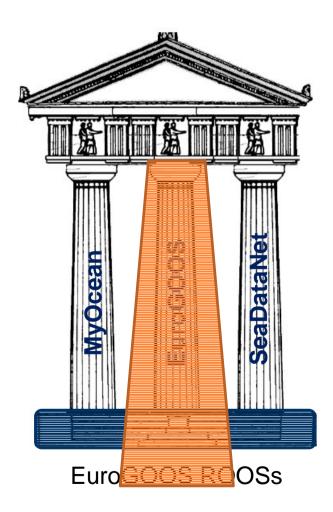






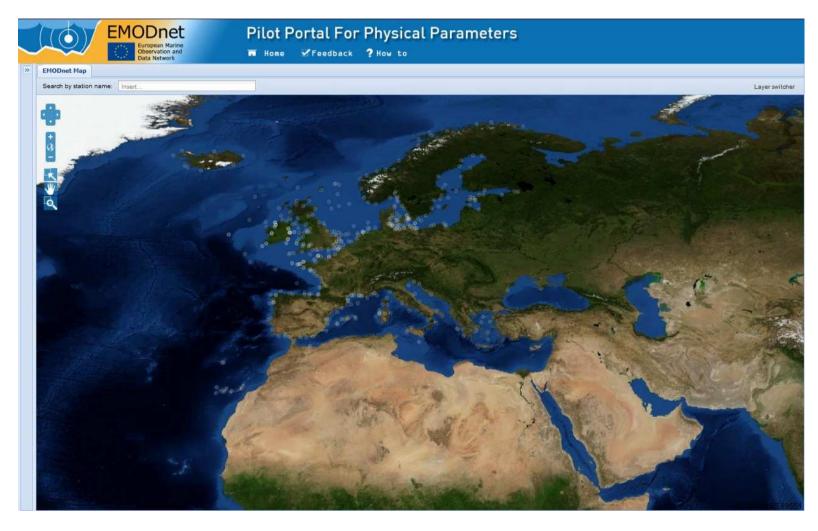
## THE EMODNET PP PILLARS







# **SEPRISE HEREDITY**





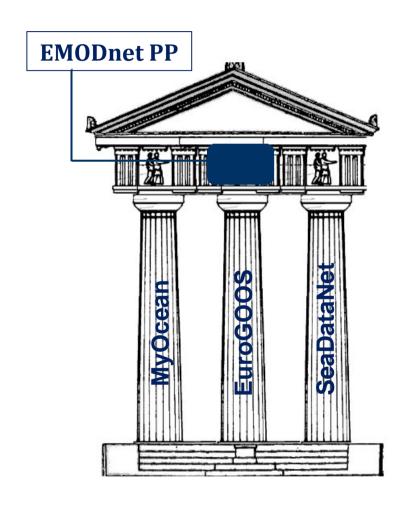
# EUROPEAN DIRECTORY OF THE OCEAN-OBSERVING SYSTEM (EDIOS)

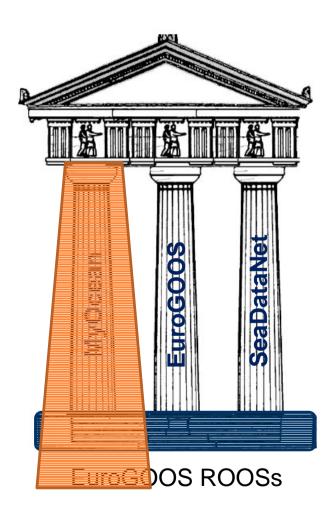
- On-line searchable directory of observing, measuring, and monitoring systems
- Approx. 10,000 observation entries
- Links to on-line real-time and archive data





## THE EMODNET PP PILLARS





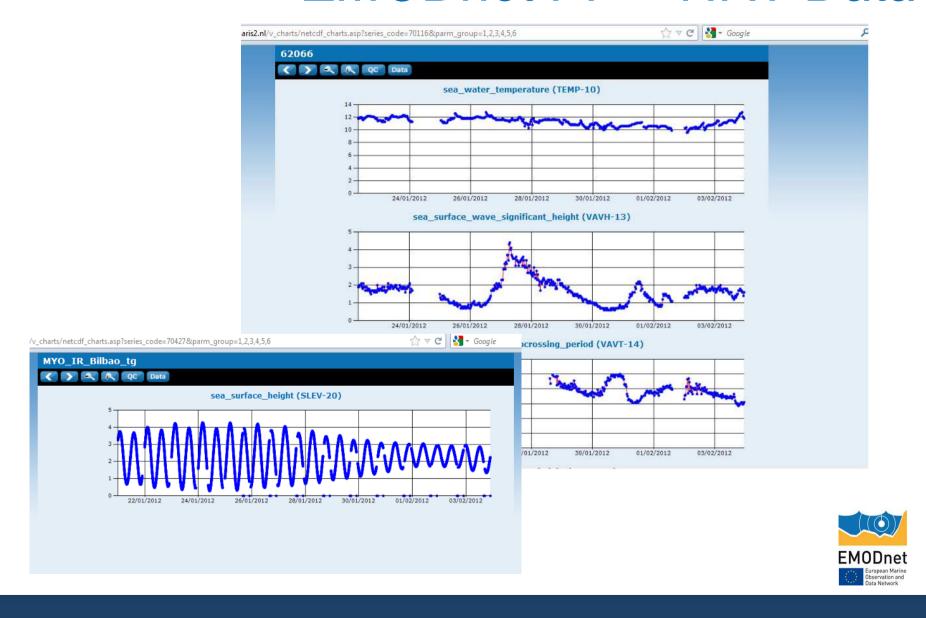


## EMODnet PP - NRT Data

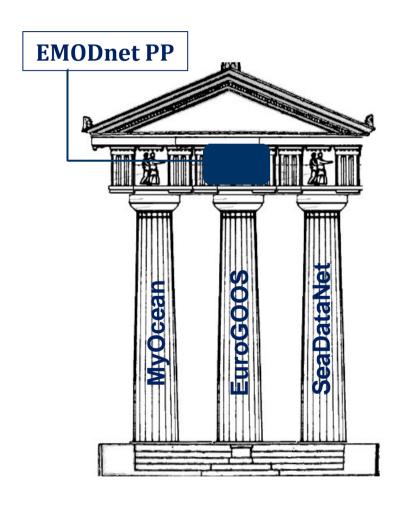
- Access to NRT data is pretty much organized within ROOSs in collaboration with MyOcean
- The existing network RT observing system is presenting spatial and temporal gaps.
- A goal of EMODnet PP is to demonstrate that we are missing the observations needed for the operational and research applications in the area.

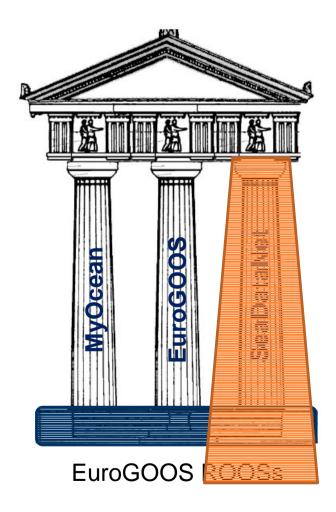


# EMODnet PP - NRT Data



## THE EMODNET PP PILLARS







# EMODnet PP - Historical Data

- Access to historical data is organised through SeaDataNet, but there are still gaps (data not yet available)
- EMODnet PP wants to demonstrate that NRT and historical data can be well organised in an unique Informative System (IS)
- EMODnet PP wants to demonstrate that it is possible to benefit of such project for the reanalysis product that are required for (e.g.) climate and fisheries applications.



# EMODnet PP - Historical Data



- o Germany:
  - 10 Series CDI
  - 1 Program CDI



- Ireland:
  - 73 Series CDI
  - 12 Programs CDI



- Sweden:
  - 16 Series CDI
  - 2 Programs CDI



- United Kingdom:
  - 15103 Series CDI
  - 275 Programs CDI



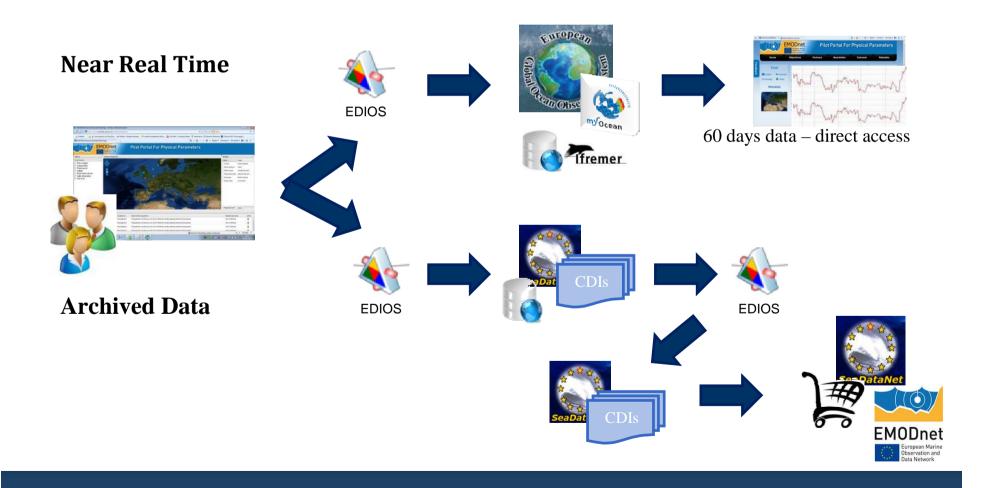
- **Italy:** 
  - 28 Series CDI
  - 26 Programs CDI
  - $\rightarrow$  to be validated

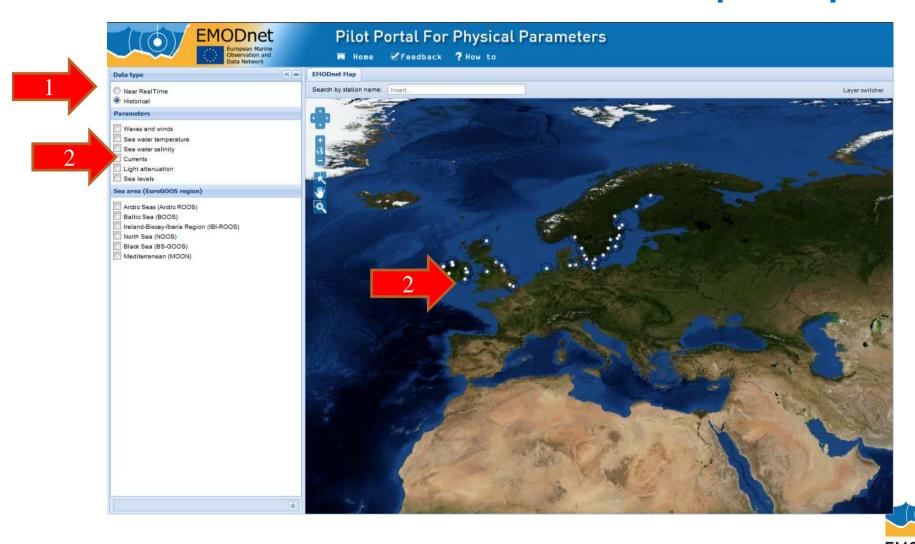


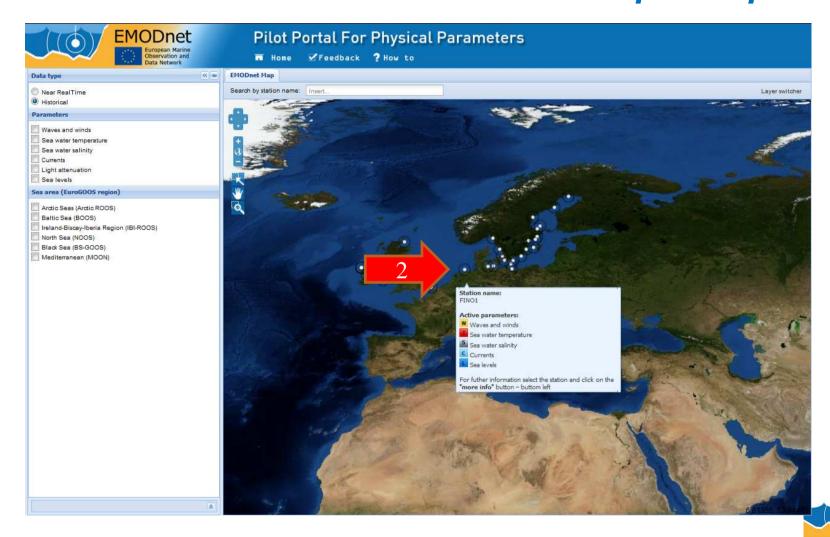
- France:
  - 990 Series CDI
  - 27 Programs CDI
  - $\rightarrow$  to be validated

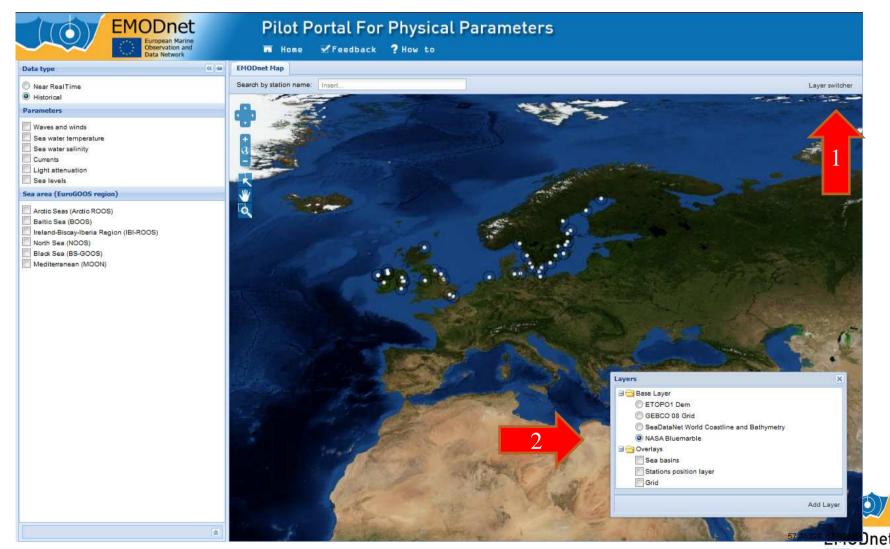


# EMODnet PP - Data Access



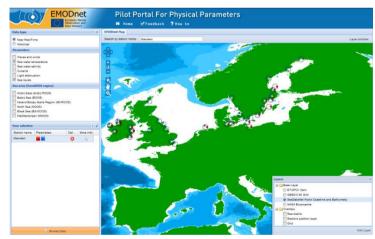




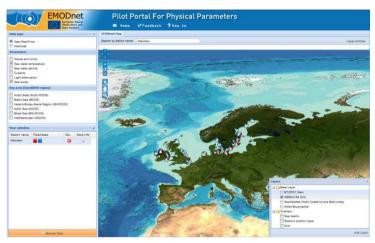




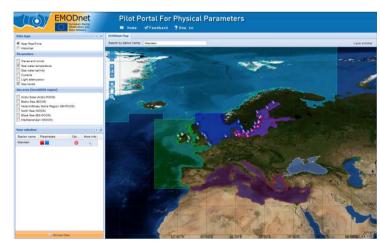
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SeaDataNet

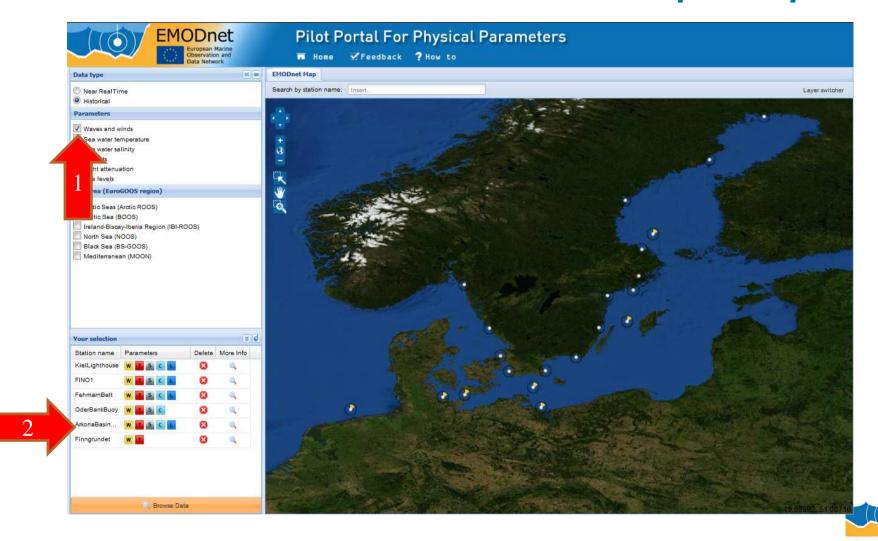


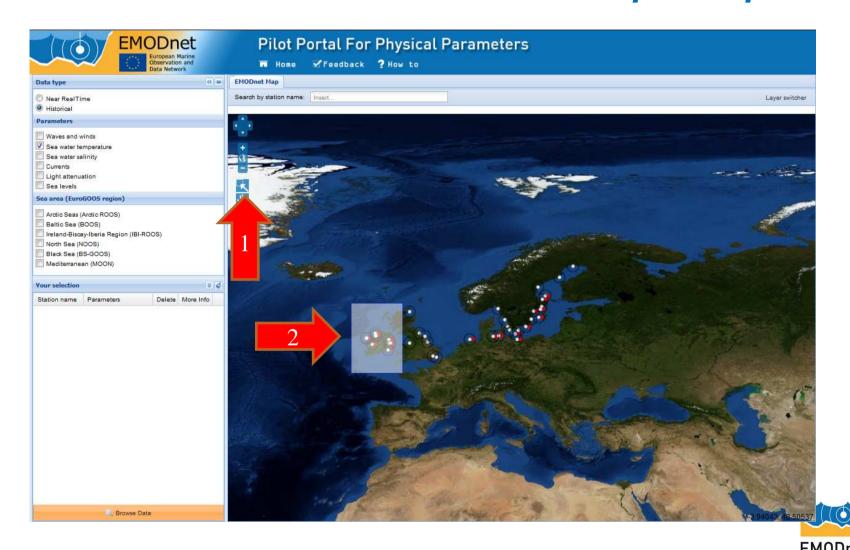
**GEBCO** 

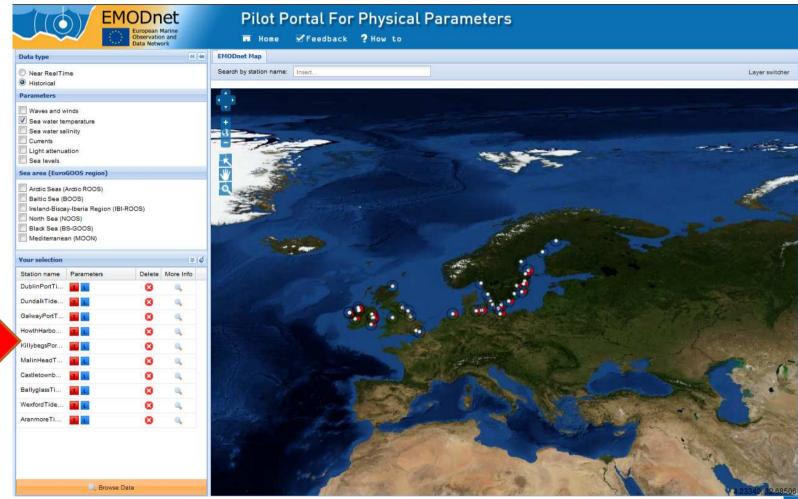


Sea Basins



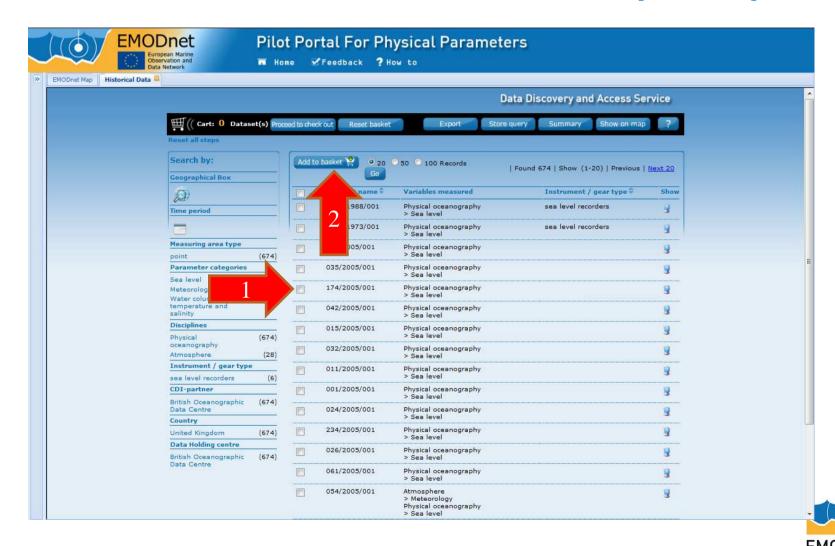


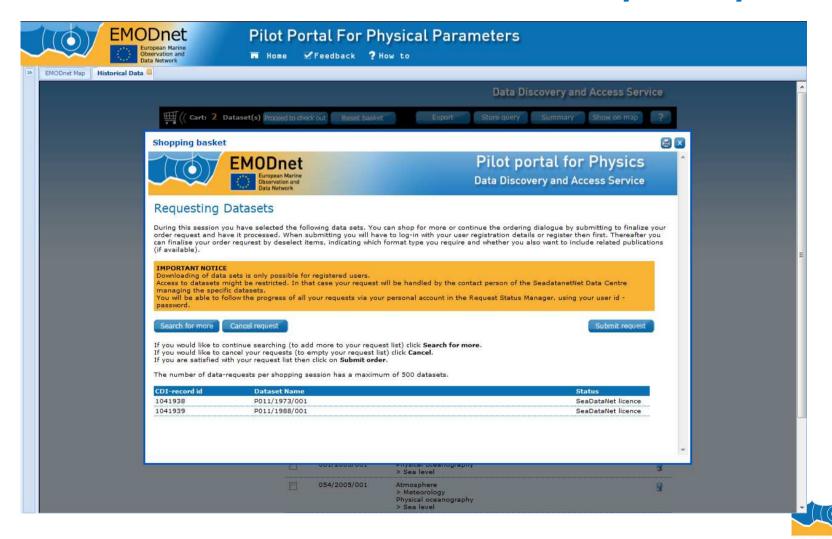


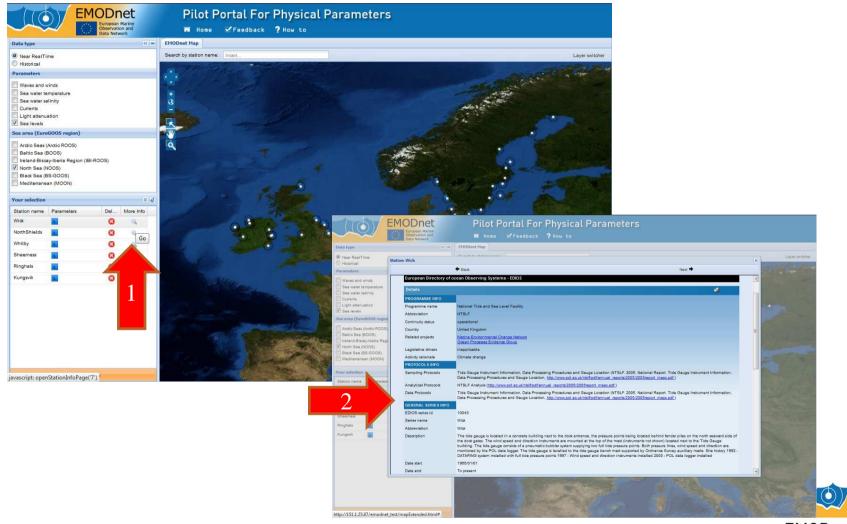


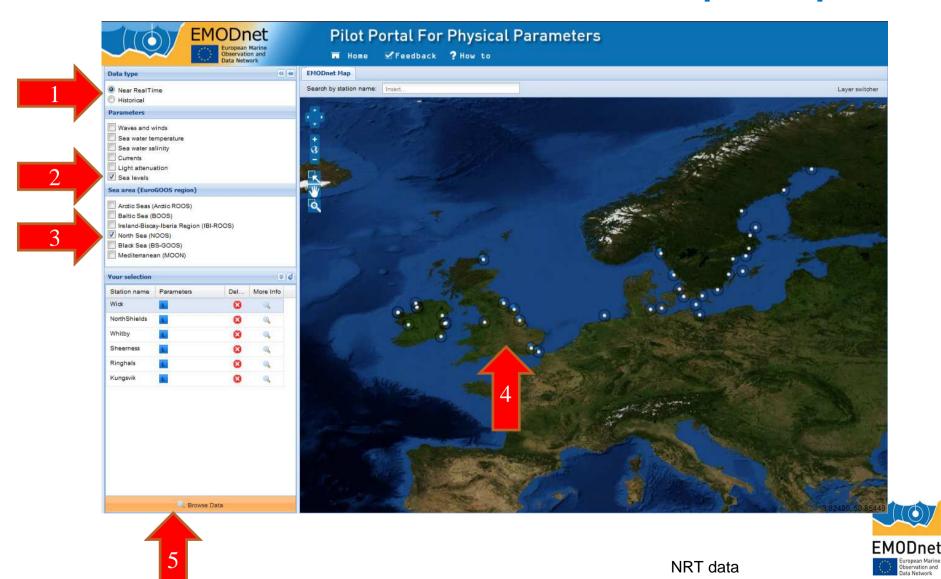
EMODnet

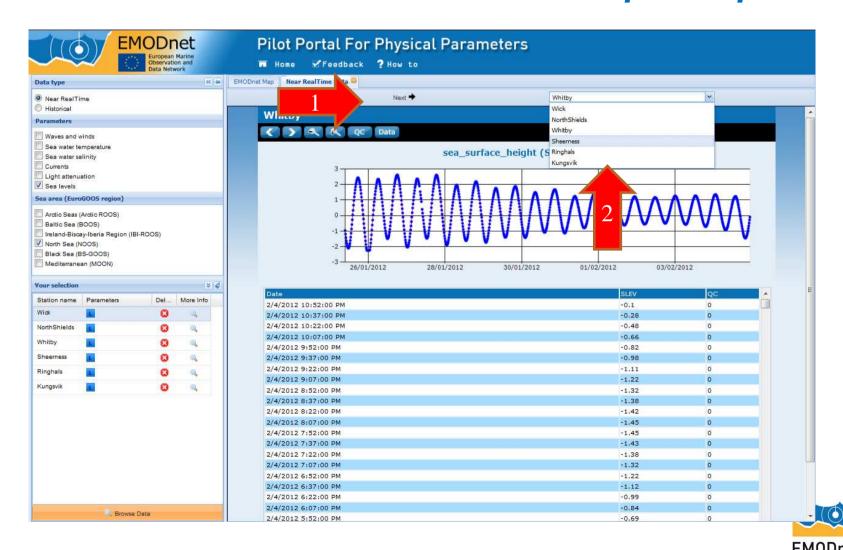
European Marine
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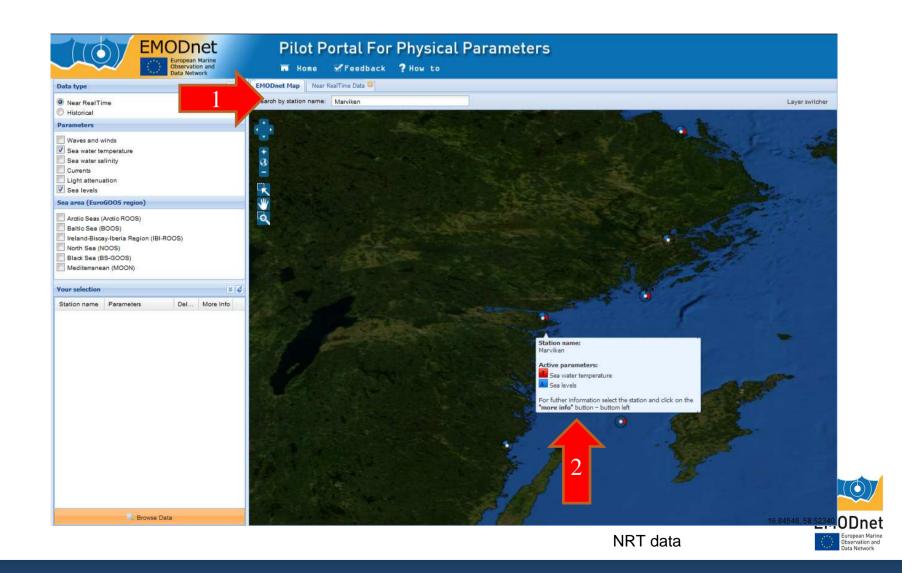


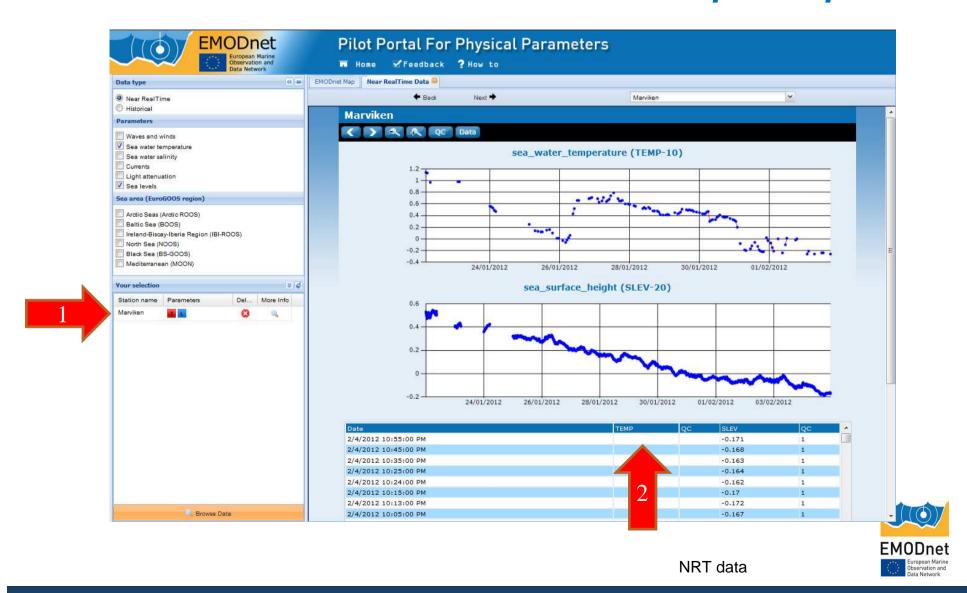


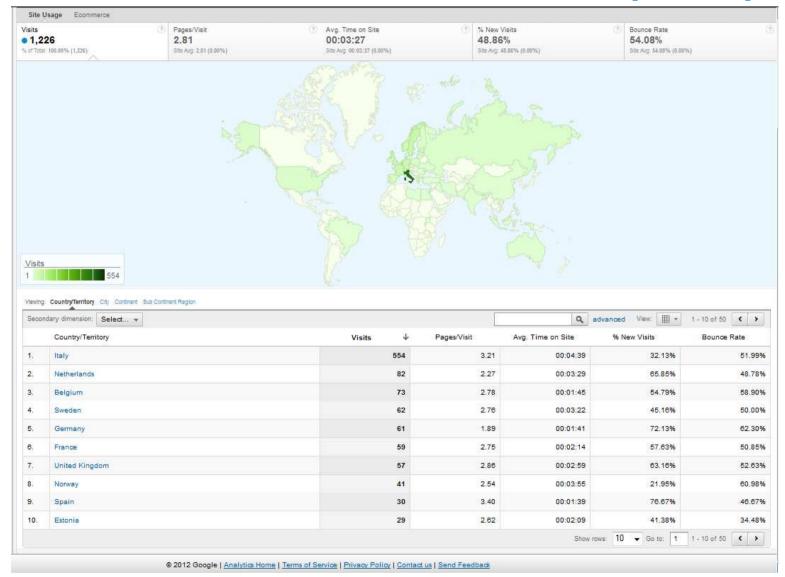














#### MARINE KNOWLEDGE 2020

- Marine Data and Observation for smart and sustainable growth (COM2010 461)
  - Data collection
  - Data assembly
- Collection is mostly the responsibility of Member States
- EU has the potential to add value in the assembly phase because of the need to ensure coherence across borders and between different communities

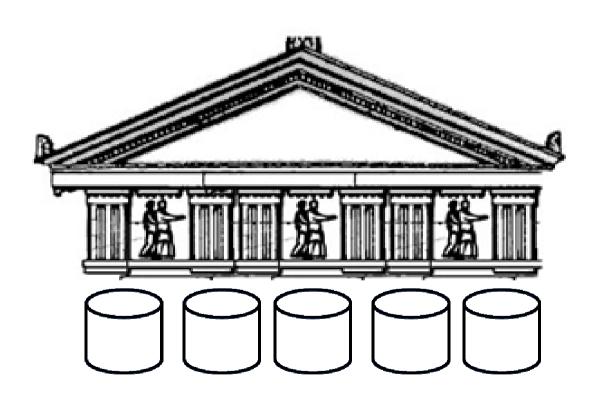


#### **WORKING PRINCIPLES**

- Rely on INSPIRE principles to leave data as close as possible to their collection source and thus the system is based on distributed data nodes;
- Exchanges with other initiatives/links with infrastructures managing real-time/near real-time and delayed mode data;
- Use harmonized reporting tools.



#### EMODNET IN THE EU INFRASTRUCTURES



#### **REPORTING**

(Assessment, etc)

**PRODUCTS' LAYER** 

SERVICE LAYER (EMODnet, etc)

**DATA LAYER** 

(ROOSs, Projects, National initiatives, etc)



### REINFORCE THE OBSERVING SYSTEMS





### Thank you for your attention

http://www.emodnet-physics.eu/

For further details do not hesitate to contact us!

